

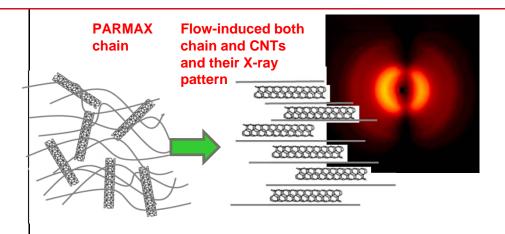
Carbon Nanotube Buckypaper/Thermoplastic Composites: Synthesis and Nanostructure-Property Relationship Study Dr. Richard Liang, liang@eng.fsu.edu

Objective:

Explore and demonstrate enabling synthesis methods and advance fundamental understanding of long molecular chains/CNT interactions to realize high-performance and multifunctional nanotube thermoplastic resin-based composites with high mechanical and electrical performance, improved thermal stability and low moisture absorption properties for potential Navy and DoD applications

Approach:

- Use buckypaper materials of high CNT concentration and high degree of alignment to realize a substantial increase in thermoplastic (TP) resin composite performances;
- Study enabling synthesis methods for using high-performance thermoplastic Polyphenylene (PARMAX or SprimoSpire) and in-situ polymerization of cyclic monomers to fabricate high-concentration nanocomposites (>30wt.%);
- Explore interactions of long TP molecular chains and CNTs and interface formation mechanisms through modeling and HRTEM analysis; and
- Study failure modes and reveal structureproperty relationships of high-resilient CNT/TP composites.



Impact:

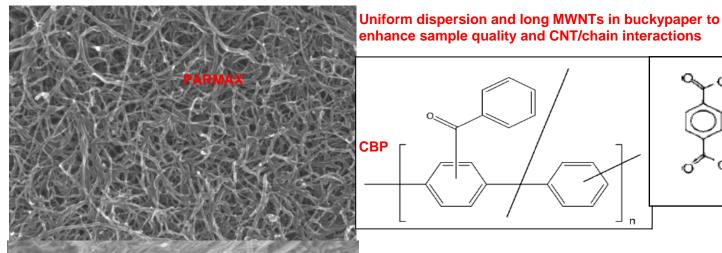
 Revealed the negative effects of high CNT concentrations on CBP in-situ polymerization possibly due to strong interactions between CNT surface and monomers

Activities & Accomplishments:

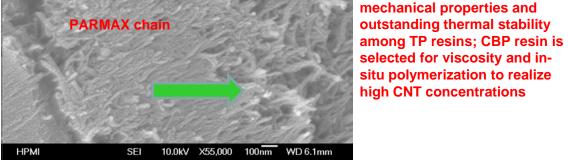
- Demonstrated significantly enhanced flow-induced alignment of both liquid crystalline polymer chains and CNTs and substantial increase in composite performance thorough the dual alignment effect to potentially optimizing CNT/TP composite properties;
- Fabricate 14" x 14" panel samples for EMI shielding and lightning strike protection tests.
- Publications:



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Significantly enhanced flow-induced CNT and **PARMAX** chain alignment to enhance performance



Flow-induced both chain and **CNTs and their X-ray pattern**

(CH₂)₄= 0

n

